# 9. FINANCIAL QUALIFICATIONS

Hughes Communications Inc. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Hughes Electronics Corporation (HE), a large aerospace, electronics manufacturing, and satellite communications company. HE, in turn, is an affiliate of General Motors Corporation (GM). As demonstrated in Appendix D, containing the consolidated financial statements of HE, HE has sufficient current assets to fund the construction, launch, and first-year operating costs of the SpaceCast™ satellite system.

### 10. ENGINEERING CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that I am the technically qualified person responsible for preparation of the engineering information contained in this application, that I am familiar with Part 25 of the Commission's Rules, that I have either prepared or reviewed the engineering information submitted in this application, and that it is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief.

By:

Daniel P. Sullivan, Ph.D.

Daviel P. Sullin

Vice President, Engineering

Hughes Communications, Inc.

September 24\_\_\_\_, 1997

#### 11. WAIVER AND CERTIFICATIONS

In accordance with Section 304 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 304, HCI hereby waives any claim to the use of any particular frequency or of the electromagnetic spectrum as against the regulatory power of the United States because of the previous use of the same, whether by license or otherwise.

HCI certifies that neither the Applicant nor any of its shareholders, nor any of its officers or directors, nor any party to this application is subject to a denial of Federal benefits pursuant to authority granted in Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. § 862.

The undersigned certifies individually and for HCI that all of the statements made in this Application are true, complete, and accurate to the best of his information, belief and knowledge, and are made in good faith.

Respectfully submitted,

Hughes Communications, Inc.

By:

Ferald F. Farrell

President

<u>September 24</u>, 1997

## 12. CONCLUSION

For the reasons set forth in this Application, HCI respectfully requests that the Commission promptly grants this application to enable HCI to bring to the public the significant benefits described above at the earliest possible time.

Respectfully submitted,

Hughes Communications, Inc.

By:

Jerald F. Farrell

President

September 24 , 1997

### APPENDIX A: TRANSMISSION CHARACTERISTICS

SpaceCast<sup>TM</sup> link budget information is provided in Tables A-1 thru A-6. The RF communication links include the following: V-band, Ku-band, satellite telemetry, and satellite command. Uplinking sites will use 2.5 meter terminals (V-band and Ku-band). Dual band receive terminals (V-band and Ku-band) will be 1 meter (39 inches). User terminals as small as 45 cm (18 inches) can also be used for receive only service at a lower data rate. The satellite ground stations use 7-meter antennas for telemetry and command.

In all cases, the link budget calculations place the transmitting terminal of interest at the satellite antenna beam edge. All cases show a positive margin at the indicated availability values.

The V-band link budgets are given in Tables A-1-a and b and A-3-a and b. Table A-1-a contains the link for a 1 meter receive terminal, and Table A-1-b contains the link for a 45 cm receive terminal. A New York City uplink to Boston downlink was picked as being representative of the links that SpaceCast™ will provide. In both cases, a 2.5 meter uplink terminal with a 50 Watt HPA can generate an uplink EIRP of 73.0 dBW under clear conditions and 75.5 dBW under rain conditions. The satellite EIRP per carrier is 62.0 dBW. The link margin of 0.0 dB (or 0.1 dB) for clear-sky uplink and rainy downlink conditions indicates that the specified link availability objective can be met; the same is true for all link budgets presented in this Appendix. Budgets for a Tokyo uplink to Honolulu ground relay and on to Seattle are provided in Tables A-3-a and b. The link budgets show 10 carriers uplinked from a 2.5 meter ground terminal. Both Tokyo and Honolulu uplink

EIRPs per carrier are 63.0 and 65.5 dBW (50 Watt HPA) under clear and rain conditions, respectively. The satellite EIRP per carrier is 62.0 dBW.

Ku-band link budgets are given in Tables A-2, A-4-a, and A-4-b using 1° x 3° beams. A Miami uplink to New York City downlink was picked as being representative of the links that SpaceCast<sup>TM</sup> will provide at Ku-band. A 2.5 meter terminal with a 100 Watt HPA is used to provide an uplink EIRP of 67.5 dBW under clear conditions and 68.5 dBW under rain conditions. The satellite EIRP per carrier is 54.7 dBW. A Singapore uplink to Midway ground relay and further on to Seattle downlink also was picked. Singapore uplink EIRPs per carrier are 67.5 and 68.5 dBW (100 Watt HPA) under clear and rain conditions, respectively. Midway uses a 50 Watt HPA and provides uplink EIRPs per carrier of 64.5 and 65.5 dBW under clear and rain conditions, respectively. The satellite EIRP per carrier is 54.7 dBW.

Tables A-5 and A-6 contain information regarding the satellite telemetry & command links. Dry geographical regions are selected along with favorable elevation angles for the satellite operational control facilities to provide high reliability TT&C links. The telemetry and command links will use Ku-band frequencies for transfer orbit and on-station service.

Table A-1-a. V-Band Link: New York U/L to Boston D/L - 1 m Receive Terminal

SUMMARY of Uplink Budget					SUMMARY of Downlink Budget				
Set. Long. @ -60 deg East	Cles	r	Rain	Units		Clea		Rain	Units
Terminal Location & Size:	New York	2.5		meter	Terminal Location & Size:		1.00		meter
Site Elevation Angle	40.8	-	ľ	deg	Site Elevation Angle	39.8	- 1	i	deg
Site Altitude (ASL)	0.0	į	•	km	Site Altitude (ASL)	0.0		į	km
Frequency	48.7			GHz	Frequency	41.0		i	GHz
Link Availability	] 1		99.70	%	Link Availability			98.80	%
Application Data Rate	155 l	l j		Mbps	Link Data Rate	155		1	Mbps
Station Transmitter Power	50.0 I		1	W	Satellite TWTA Rating	100 E		1	w
Transmitter Pwr (dBW)	17.0 I			dBW	Sat. Transmit Power	20.0			dBW
Uplink Power Back-off	2.5 I		0	dB	Sat. HPA Backoff	2.0 1		1	ďΒ
# of Amplified Carriers	1 1	'			# of Amplified Carriers	10	ı [	Į.	
Station Transmitter Losses	1.0	ı İ		₫B	Transmitter Total losses	1	1	ł	dB.
Station Antenna Diameter	2.50	j į		m	Sat Min. Ant. Gain	55.0	ı [		dBi
Station Peak Antenna Gain	59.5	ı i		dBi	Total EIRP per beam	72.0	ı <b>İ</b>		dBW
Total EIRP per beam		73.0	75.5			1			
Operating EIRP per carrier	1	73.0	75.5	dBW	Operating EIRP/carrier		62.0	62.0	dBW
Space Loss	1 :	217.7	217.7	dB	Space Loss	1	216.2	216.2	dB
Atm. (Gas + Cloud) Att.	1	4.6	4.8	d₿	Atm. (Gas + Cloud) Attenuation	1	2.5	2.8	dB
Rain Attenuation			14.7	dB	Rain Attenuation	1		3.4	d₿
Pointing and Pol. Loss	1	0.5	0.5	₫B	User Ant. Pointing Losses	1	0.5	0.5	dB
Sat. Antenna Gain	55.0	:		dBi	Recvr. Antenna Ğain	50.8	:		dBi
System Noise Temp	649.2	:		<b>'</b> K	System Noise Temp	448.1	:	581.8	*K
System Noise Temp	28.1			dBK	System Noise Temp	26.5		27.6	dBK
Satellite G/T		26.4	26.4	dB/K	Station G/T		23.8	22.6	dB/K
Boltzmann's Constant	1	1 -228.6	-228.6	dBW/K-Hz	Boltzmann's Constant	ļ	1 -228.6	-228.6	dBW/K-Hz
Noise BW	1	83.0	83.0	dBHz	Noise BW	Ì	83.0	83.0	dBHz
C/N (Thermal)		1 22.2	9.8	dB	C/N (Thermal)	<u> </u>	1 12.0	7.3	dB
					Uplink Conditions	clear	rain	clear	
					Downlink Conditions	clear	clear	rain	
Total U/L C/I	15.0	l		dB	U/L C/(No) (dB/Hz)	105.2	92.8	105.2	d8/Hz
U/L C/(lo)	1	98.0	98.0	dB/Hz	U/L C/(lo) (dB/Hz)	98.0	98.0	98.0	dB/Hz
Thermal U/L C/(No)		105.2	92.8	dB/Hz	U/L C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz	97.2	91.7	97.2	dB/Hz
Total D/L C/I	15.0	1	1	d₿	D/L C/(No) (dB/Hz)	95.0	95.0	90.3	d8/Hz
D/L C/(lo)	1	98.0	98.0	dB/Hz	D/L C/(lo) (dB/Hz)	98.0	98.0	98.0	dB/Hz
Thermal D/L C/(No)	1	95.0	90.3	dB/Hz	D/L C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz	93.2	93.2	89.6	dB/Hz
Required Eb/No	6.5	1		dB	Total C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz)	91.8	89.4	88.9	dB/Hz
Effective Data Rate	174	i		Mbps	Required C/No (dB/Hz)	88.9	88.9	88.9	<b>dB/</b> Hz
Data Rate (dB)	82.4	i		dB (bps)		2.9	0.5	0.0	de de
Required C/(No+io)		88.9	88.9	dB/Hz	Margin (dB)	2.9	0.5	0.0	<b>078</b>

Table A-1-b. V-Band Link: New York U/L to Boston D/L - 0.45 m Receive Terminal

SUMMA	SUMMARY of	Downlink	Budget						
Sat. Long. & -60 deg East	Long. 6 -60 deg East Clear		Rain	Units		Cle	ar	Rain	Units
Terminal Location & Size:	New York	2.5		meter	Terminal Location & Size:	Boston	0.45		meter
Site Elevation Angle	40.8		ŀ	deg	Site Elevation Angle	39.8			deg
Site Altitude (ASL)	0.0	l	1	km	Site Altitude (ASL)	0.0	ì		km
Frequency	48.7	- 1		GHz	Frequency	41.0	l	1	GHz
Link Availability	} <b> </b>		99.70	%	Link Availability			98.60	%
Application Data Rate	26		1	Mbps	Link Data Rate	26		l	Mbps
Station Transmitter Power	50.0		1	w	Satellite TWTA Rating	100	1	- 1	W
Transmitter Pwr (dBW)	17.0	- 1	ł	dBW	Sat. Transmit Power	20.0	1	ł	dBW
Uplink Power Back-off # of Amplified Carriers	2.5 1		0	dB	Sat. HPA Backoff # of Amplified Carriers	2.0 10			dB
Station Transmitter Losses	1.0			d₿	Transmitter Total losses	1		1	dB
Station Antenna Diameter	2.50			m	Sat Min. Ant. Gain	55.0	l !	ł	dBi
Station Peak Antenna Gain	59.5			dBi	Total EIRP per beam	72.0	1	ſ	dBW
Total EIRP per beam		73.0	75.5				i 1	1	
Operating EIRP per carrier		73.0	75.5	dBW	Operating EIRP/carrier		62.0	62.0	dBW
Space Loss		217.7	217.7	dB	Space Loss		216.2	216.2	₫B
Atm. (Gas + Cloud) Att.	1	4.6	4.8	₫₿	Atm. (Gas + Cloud) Attenuation	1	2.6	2.8	₫B
Rain Attenuation		'	14.7	dB	Rain Attenuation	1	i I	2.9	dB
Pointing and Pol. Loss		0.5	0.5	dB	User Ant. Pointing Losses	1	j 0.5	0.5	₫B
Sat. Antenna Gain	55.0			dBi	Recvr. Antenna Gain	43.8	:		dBi
System Noise Temp	649.2			'К	System Noise Temp	448.1	i !	568.9	<b>'K</b>
System Noise Temp	28.1			dBK	System Noise Temp	26.5		27.6	dBK
Satellite G/T		26.4	26.4	dB/K	Station G/T	1	16.8	15.8	dB/K
Boltzmann's Constant		-228.6	-228.6	dBW/K-Hz			-228.6	-228,6	dBW/K-Hz
Noise BW	i	75.3	75.3	dBHz	Noise BW	l	75.3	75.3	dBHz
C/N (Thermal)	1	29.9	17.5	d₿	C/N (Thermal)		12.8	8.7	dB
THE STREET	1990		11.1		Uplink Conditions  Downlink Conditions	clear	rain	clear rain	
Total U/L C/I	15.0	i	1	dΒ	U/L C/(No) (dB/Hz)	105.2	92.8	105.2	dB/Hz
U/L C/(10)		j 90.3	90.3	dB/Hz	U/L C/(Io) (dB/Hz)	90.3	90.3	90.3	dB/Hz
Thermal U/L C/(No)	1	105.2	92.8	dB/Hz	U/L C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz	90.1	88.4	90.1	dB/Hz
Total D/L C/I	13.4			dB	D/L C/(No) (dB/Hz)	87.0	85.2	82.9	dB/Hz
D/L C/(Io)		88.7	88.7	dB/Hz	D/L C/(lo) (dB/Hz)	88.7	88.7	88.7	dB/Hz
Thermal D/L C/(No)		88.1	84.0	dB/Hz	D/L C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz	84.8	83.6	81.9	dB/Hz
Required Eb/No	6.5	ł	l	dB	Total C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz)	83.7	82.4	81.3	dB/Hz
Effective Data Rate	30	i	l	Mbps	Required C/No (dB/Hz)	81.2	81.2	81.2	dB/Hz
Data Rate (dB)	74.7	İ	ì	dB (bps)	17.81				
Required C/(No+lo)		81.2	81.2	dB/Hz	Margin (dB)	2.4	1.1	0.1	dB

Table A-2. Ku-Band Link: Miami U/L to New York D/L - 1 m Receive Terminal

SUMMARY of Uplink Budget					SUMMARY of	Downlink	Budget		
Sat.long. @ -60 deg East	Cie	if	Rain	Units		CIE	ar	Rain	Units
Terminal Location & Size:	Miami	2.5		meter	Terminal Location & Size:	New York	1.00		meter
Site Elevation Angle	52.4	1	l	deg	Site Elevation Angle	40.8	1		deg
Site Altitude (ASL)	0.0	i	ı l	km	Site Altitude (ASL)	0.0	1	1	km
Frequency	13.0	J	J	GHz	Frequency	11.0	. )	1	GHz
Link Availability		1	99.70	%	Link Availability	i i		99.70	%
Application Data Rate	155			Mbps	Link Data Rate	155		1	Mbps
Station Transmitter Power	100.0			w	Satellite TWTA Rating	150			w
Transmitter Pwr (dBW)	20.0			dBW	Sat, Transmit Power	21.8		- 1	dBW
Uplink Power Back-off	1.0		0	₫B	Sat. HPA Backoff	0.0			ď₿
# of Amplified Carriers	1				# of Amplified Carriers	1			
Station Transmitter Losses	0.3			dB	Transmitter Total losses	0.6	<b>,</b>	J	dB
Station Antenna Diameter	2.50			m	Sat Min. Ant. Gain	33.5	i	1	₫₿i
Station Peak Antenna Gain	48.8			dBi	Total EIRP per beam	54.7	!!		dBW
Total EIRP per beam		67.5	68.5		11	1	1		
Operating EIRP per carrier	1	87.5	68.5	dBW	Operating EIRP/carrier	1	54.7	54.7	dBW
Space Loss		206.1	206.1	dB	Space Loss	1	204.8	204.8	₫B
Atm. (Gas + Cloud) Att.	ļ '	0.3	0.3	d₿	Atm. (Gas + Cloud) Attenuation	1	0.2	0.2	dB
Rain Attenuation	ŀ		3.9	dB	Rain Attenuation	i '	i 1	0.9	dB
Pointing and Pol. Loss		0.4	0.4	₫B	User Ant. Pointing Losses	1	0.4	0.4	dB
Sat. Antenna Gain	33.5	ļ '	<b>!</b>	dBi	Recvr. Antenna Gain	39.4	! !		dBi
System Noise Temp	365.1	Į.	]	'к	System Noise Temp	91.6	1	137.7	<b>'K</b>
System Noise Temp	25.6	!	ł	dBK	System Noise Temp	19.6	!	21.4	dBK
Satellite G/T	Ì	7.4	7.4	dB/K	Station G/T		19.4	17.7	dB/K
Boltzmann's Constant	ł	-228.6	-228.6	dBW/K-Hz			-228.6	-228.6	dBW/K-Hz
Noise BW	1	j 83.0	83.0	dBHz	Noise BW	į .	83.0	83.0	dBHz
C/N (Thermal)	i	13.7	10.8	d₿	C/N (Thermal)	<u> </u>	14.3	11.6	₫₿
SHIP TO CHARLES					Upwak Conditions	clear	fain	Clear	
					Downlink Conditions	clear	clear	rain	فللفعد بالمسلمة
Total U/L C/I	14.1	]		d₿	U/L C/(No) (dB/Hz)	96.7	93.8	96.7	dB/Hz
U/L C/(10)	1	97.1	97.1	dB/Hz	U/L C/(lo) (dB/Hz)	97.1	97.1	97.1	dB/Hz
Thermal U/L C/(No)	1	96.7	93.8	dB/Hz	U/L C/(No+io) (dB/Hz	93.9	92.1	93.9	dB/Hz
Total D/L C/I	10.4	i	1	dB	D/L C/(No) (dB/Hz)	97.3	97.3	94.6	d8/Hz
D/L C/(10)	(	93.4	93.4	d6/Hz	D/L C/(lo) (dB/Hz)	93.4	93.4	93.4	dB/Hz
Thermal D/L C/(No)		97.3	94.6	dB/Hz	D/L C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz	91.9	91.9	90.9	dB/Hz
Required Eb/No	6.5	1	!	dB	Total C/(No+io) (dB/Hz)	89.8	89.0	89.2	dB/Hz
Effective Data Rate	174	i	}	Mbps	Required C/No (dB/Hz)	88.9	88.9	88.9	d8/Hz
Deta Rate (dB)	82.4	!	1	dB (bps)		4.02			<b>1888</b>
Required C/(No+lo)		88.9	88.9	dB/Hz	Margin (dB)	0.9	0.1	0.2	₫₿

Table A-3-a V-Band Link: Tokyo U/L to Honolulu D/L - 2.5 m Terminals

SUMMARY of Uplink Budget					SUMMARY of Downlink Sudget					
Sat. Long. @ 155 deg East	Clea		Rain	Units		Clea	lf I	Rain	Units	
Terminal Location & Size:	Tokvo 1	2.5		meter	Terminal Location & Size:	Honolulu I	2.50		meter	
Site Elevation Angle	45.5			deg	Site Elevation Angle	31.9	i i		deg	
Site Attitude (ASL)	0.0	l.	l l	kom	Site Attitude (ASL)	0.0	- 1		kom	
Frequency	48.7	1	1	GHz Frequency		41.0		1	GHz	
Link Availability		1	99.00	%	Link Availability	1		99.00	%	
Application Data Rate	155			Mbps	Link Data Rate	155	. 1		Mbps	
Station Transmitter Power	50.0		. 1	w l	Satellite TWTA Rating	100	1	1	w	
Transmitter Pwr (dBW)	17.0			dBW	Sat. Transmit Power	20.0			dBW	
Uplink Power Back-off # of Amplified Carriers	2.5 10		0	dB	Sat. HPA Backoff # of Amplified Carriers	2.0			dB	
Station Transmitter Losses	1.0			dB	Transmitter Total losses	1 1	! <b>!</b>	1	₫₿	
Station Antenna Diameter	2.50	l I		m	Sat Min. Ant. Gain	55.0	'		dBi	
Station Peak Antenna Gain	59.5	i l	1	dBI	Total EIRP per beam	72.0	·		dBW	
Total EIRP per beam	1	73.0	75.5				1 1			
Operating EIRP per carrier	'	63.0	65.5	dBW	Operating EIRP/carrier		62.0	62.0	dBW	
Space Loss	1	217.6	217.6	₫₿	Space Loss		216.4	216.4	d₿	
Atm. (Gas + Cloud) Att.	l	4.2	4.4	₫B	Atm. (Gas + Cloud) Attenuation		2.7	2.8	d₿	
Rain Attenuation	l.		7.3	₫₿	Rain Attenuation		! 1	8.6	dB	
Pointing and Pol. Loss		0.5	0.5	dB	User Ant. Pointing Losses		0.5	0.5	dB	
Sat. Antenna Gain	55.0	i '		dBi	Recvr. Antenna Gain	58.0	.		dBi	
System Noise Temp	649.2	Ĭ	ľ	°к	System Noise Temp	451.2	1	654.2	<u>'</u> K	
System Noise Temp	28.1	:	ì	dBK	System Noise Temp	26.5		28.2	dBK	
Satellite G/T		26.4	26.4	dB/K	Station G/T	i	31.0	29.4	dB/K	
Boltzmann's Constant		l -228.6	-228.6	dBW/K-Hz	Boltzmann's Constant		1 -228.6	-228.6	dBW/K-Hz	
Noise BW	1	83.0	83.0	dBHz	Noise BW		83.0	83.0	dBHz	
C/N (Thermal)		12.6	7,7	dB	C/N (Thermai)		19.0	8.7	dB	
					Uplink Conditions	clear	rain	clear		
					Downlink Conditions	clear	clear	rain		
Total U/L C/I	15.0		1	₫₿	U/L. C/(No) (dB/Hz)	95.7	90.7	95.7	dB/Hz	
U/L C/(10)		98.0	98.0	dB/Hz	U/L C/(lo) (dB/Hz)	96.0	98.0	98.0	d8/Hz	
Thermal U/L C/(No)	1	95.7	90.7	dB/Hz	U/L C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz	93.6	89.9 100.7	93.6 91.7	d8/Hz d8/Hz	
Total D/L C/I	15.4	1	1	dB	D/L C/(No) (dB/Hz)	102.0				
D/L C/(lo)	1	98.4	98.4	dB/Hz	D/L C/(lo) (dB/Hz)	98.4	98.4	98.4 90.8	dB/Hz dB/Hz	
Thermal D/L C/(No)	١	102.0	91.7	dB/Hz	D/L. C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz	96.8	96.4 89.0	89.0	dB/Hz	
Required Eb/No	6.5	:	l .	dB	Total C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz)	91.9				
Effective Data Rate	174	1	1	Mbps	Required C/No (dB/Hz)	88.9	88.9	88.9	dB/Hz	
Data Rate (dB)	82.4	١	1	dB (bps)		3.0			E dB	
Required C/(No+lo)		88.9	88.9	dB/Hz	Margin (dtl)	3.0	1 0.1	J 0.1	) UB	

Table A-3-b V-Band Link: Honolulu U/L to Seattle D/L - 2.5 m Terminals

SUMMA	RY of Upli	nk Budge		SUMMARY of Downlink Budget					
Sat. Long. 9 -125 deg East	Clea	ir.	Rain	Units		Cle	ar	Rain	Units
Terminal Location & Size:	Honolulu	2.5		meter	Terminal Location & Size:	Seattle	2.50		meter
Site Elevation Angle	45.4		1	deg	Site Elevation Angle	35.2	1		deg
Site Altitude (ASL)	0.0	1	1	km	Site Altitude (ASL)	0.0	1		km
Frequency	48.7	1		GHz	Frequency	41.0		i	GHz
Link Availability	i i		99.00	%	Link Availability		1	99.88	%
Application Data Rate	155			Mbps	Link Data Rate	155		1	Mbps
Station Transmitter Power	50.0			w	Satellite TWTA Rating	100	- 1	i	w
Transmitter Pwr (d8W)	17.0			dBW	Sat. Transmit Power	20.0	- 1		dBW
Uplink Power Back-off	2.5		0	dB	Sat, HPA Backoff	2.0		l	dB
# of Amplified Carriers	10				of Amplified Carriers	10	1	1	1
Station Transmitter Losses	1.0			dB	Transmitter Total losses	55.0			dB dBi
Station Antenna Diameter	2.50			m	Sat Min. Ant. Gain			ŀ	dBW
Station Peak Antenna Gain	59.5			dBi	Total EIRP per beam	72.0			asw
Total EIRP per beam		73.0	75.5		L			62.0	40147
Operating EIRP per carrier		63.0	65.5	dBW	Operating EiRP/carrier	1	62.0 216.3	216.3	dBW dB
Space Loss	1	217.6	217.6	dB	Space Loss	1		2.6	dB
Atm. (Gas + Cloud) Att.	ļ :	3.8	3.8	dB	Atm. (Gas + Cloud) Attenuation		2.5		dB dB
Rain Attenuation	<b>!</b> '	'	7.5	dB	Rain Attenuation		0.5	10.0 0.5	dB.
Pointing and Pol. Loss	l .	0.5	0.5	dB	User Ant. Pointing Losses		0.5	0.5	dBi
Sat. Antenna Gain	55.0	i	i	dBi	Recyr. Antenna Gain	58.7			0131     *K
System Noise Temp	649.2	i		"К	System Noise Temp	441.9	į .	653.3	
System Noise Temp	28.1			dBK	System Noise Temp	26.5		28.2 30.1	dBK dB/K
Satellite G/T	Į.	26.4	26.4	dB/K	Station G/T		31.8		
Boltzmann's Constant	1	-228.6	-228.6	dBW/K+tz	Boltzmann's Constant		-228.6	-228.6	dBW/K-Hz
Noise BW		83.0	83.0	dBHz	Noise BW	l	83.0	83.0	dBHz
C/N (Thermal)		13.1	8.0	dβ	CAN (Thermal)	<u> </u>	20.1	8.3	dB
<b>斯贝斯斯贝贝</b> 贝姆斯斯		384			Uplink Conditions Downlink Conditions	clear	rain	clear rain	
Total U/L C/I	15.0	i	Ī	dВ	U/L C/(No) (dB/Hz)	96.1	91.0	96.1	dB/Hz
U/L C/(lo)		98.0	98.0	dB/Hz	U/L C/(io) (dB/Hz)	98.0	98.0	98.0	dB/Hz
Thermal U/L C/(No)	1	96.1	91.0	dB/Hz	U/L C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz	93.9	90.2	93.9	dB/Hz
Total D/L C/I	15.4			₫B	D/L C/(No) (dB/Hz)	103.1	102.0	91.3	dB/Hz
D/L C/(lo)	1	98.4	98.4	dB/Hz	D/L C/(Io) (dB/Hz)	98.4	98.4	98.4	dB/Hz
Thermal D/L C/(No)	1	103.1	91.3	dB/Hz	D/L C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz	97.1	96.8	90.6	dB/Hz
Required Eb/No	6.5	1	1	dB	Total C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz)	92.2	89.3	88.9	dB/Hz
Effective Data Rate	174	i	1	Mbps	Required C/No (dB/Hz)	88.9	88.9	88.9	dB/Hz
Data Rate (dB)	82.4	i		dB (bps)		7.77	1000		
Required C/(No+lo)	1	88.9	88.9	dB/Hz	Margin (dB)	3.3	0.4	0.0	dB

Table A-4-a Ku-Band Link: Singapore U/L to Midway D/L - 2.5 m Terminals

SUMMA	SUMMARY of Downlink Budget								
Sat.long. @ 155 deg East	Clea		Rain	Units		Clea		Rain	Units
Terminal Location & Size:	Singapore ;	2.5		meter	Terminal Location & Size:	Midway j	2.50	j	meter
Site Elevation Angle	31.1	[	1	deg	Site Elevation Angle	45.2	1	i	deg
Site Altitude (ASL)	0.0	<b>\</b>	l l	km	Site Altitude (ASL)	0.0	ŀ	- 1	km
Frequency	13.0	ì	Į	GHz	Frequency	11.0	1		GHz
Link Availability	!	1	99.40	%	Link Availability	1 ;	1	99.94	%
Application Data Rate	155	1		Mbps	Link Data Rate	155	. 1	1	Mbps
Station Transmitter Power	100.0		ł	w	Satellite TWTA Rating	150			W
Transmitter Pwr (dBW)	20.0			dBW	Sat. Transmit Power	21.8		1	dBW
Uplink Power Back-off	1.0		0	dB	Sat. HPA Backoff	0.0	1	1	dB
# of Amplithed Carners	1 1		i		# of Amplified Carners	1 1		ŧ	dB
Station Transmitter Losses	0.3 I			d₿	Transmitter Total losses	0.6	! ]	- 1	
Station Antenna Diameter	2.50			m	Sat Min. Ant. Gain	33.5		· I	dBi dBW
Station Peak Antenna Gain	48.8		i i	dBi	Total EIRP per beam	54.7			05W
Total EIRP per beam	1 1	67.5	68.5		ll	1		54.7	dBW
Operating EIRP per carrier	1 :	67.5	68.5	dBW	Operating EIRP/carrier	1	54.7 204.7	204.7	dB
Space Loss	1 1	206.4	206.4	dΒ	Space Loss	1			dB
Atm. (Gas + Cloud) Att.	1 1	0.5	0.5	dΒ	Atm. (Gas + Cloud) Attenuation	ı	0.2	0.2 1.9	dB
Rain Attenuation	l i	i	7.2	d₿	Rain Attenuation	1	0.4	0.4	dB
Pointing and Pol. Loss	1	0.4	0.4	dB	User Ant. Pointing Losses	47.3	1 0.4	0.4	dBi
Sat. Antenna Gain	33.5	•	1	dBi	Recvr. Antenna Gain	89.0	ı	174.8	'K
System Noise Temp	365.1	;	ļ .	*K	System Noise Temp	19.5	1	22.4	dBK
System Noise Temp	25.6	1 1	1 .	dBK	System Noise Temp	19.5	1 27.5	24.6	dB/K
Satellite G/T		7.4	7.4	dB/K	Station G/T		1 -228.6	-228.6	dBW/K-Hz
Boltzmann's Constant	}	-228.6	-228.6	dBW/K-Hz		j i	83.0	83.0	dBHz
Noise BW	l .	83.0	83.0	dBHz	Noise BW	1	1 22.5	17.6	dB
C/N (Thermal)		l 13.1	6.9	d₿	C/M (Thermal)	clear	1 rain	clear	200
					Downlink Conditions	clear	clear	rain	
	and the same		an ann an an an an		U/L C/(No) (dB/Hz)	96.1	89.9	96.1	dB/Hz
Total U/L C/I	16.6	!	1	dB dB/Hz	U/L C/(lo) (dB/Hz)	99.6	99.6	99.6	dB/Hz
U/L C/(lo)	i	J 99.6 L 96.1	99.6 89.9	dB/Hz	U/L C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz	94.5	89.5	94.5	dB/Hz
Thermal U/L C/(No)	15.8	1 30.1	63.9	dB	DAL C/(No) (dBAHz)	105.5	103.8	100.6	dB/Hz
Total D/L C/I	15.6	!	98.8	dB/Hz	D/L C/(lo) (dB/Hz)	98.8	98.8	98.8	dB/Hz
D/L C/(16)	1	98.8	100.6	dB/Hz	D/L C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz	97.9	97.6	96.6	dB/Hz
Thermal D/L C/(No)	ء ا	į 105.5	100.6	dB/rtz	Total C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz)	92.9	88.9	92.4	dB/Hz
Required Eb/No	6.5 174	1	1	Mbos	Required C/No (dB/Hz)	88.9	88.9	88.9	dB/Hz
Effective Data Rate	82.4	i	I	dB (bps)	THE COUNTY (COME)	وتنتزواه	4 to 130 to	108040	STATE OF THE PARTY OF
Data Rate (dB)	l <sup>62.4</sup>	88.9	88.9	dB/Hz	Margin (dB)	4.0	0.0	3.5	₫₿
Required C/(No+lo)		, 50.9	00.3	I UD/112	I was Bur (des)				

Table A-4-b Ku-Band Link: Midway U/L to Seattle D/L - 2.5 m Terminals

SUMMARY of Uplink Budget					SUMMARY of Downlink Budget				
Sat.long. 9 -125 deg East	Clea		Rain	Units		Cle		Rain	Units
Terminal Location & Size:	Midway .	2.5		meter	Terminal Location & Size:	Seattle	2.50		meter
Site Elevation Angle	24.6		- 1	deg	Site Elevation Angle	35.2		1	deg
Site Altitude (ASL)	0.0			km	Site Altitude (ASL)	0.0	1		km
Frequency	13.0 I			GHz	Frequency	11.0		99.99	GHz %
Link Availability	1		99.92	%	Link Availability	1 1	1	99.99	,-
Application Data Rate	155			Mbps	Link Data Rate	155	1	1	Mbps W
Station Transmitter Power	50.0		í	w	Satellite TWTA Rating	150	í	- 1	dBW
Transmitter Pwr (dBW)	17.0			dBW	Sat. Transmit Power	21.8		1	dB i
Uplink Power Back-off	1.0		0 1	dB	Sat. HPA Backoff	0.0			u u u
# of Amplified Carriers	1 1 1	1			# of Amplified Carriers Transmitter Total losses	0.6		i	dΒ
Station Transmitter Losses	0.3			₫B		33.5		1	dBi
Station Antenna Diameter	2.50	i	. I	m.	Sat Min. Ant. Gain	54.7			dBW
Station Peak Antenna Gain	48.8			dBi	Total EIRP per beam	} 54.7			<b>—</b>
Total EIRP per beam	1	64.5	65.5 65.5	dBW	Operating EIRP/carrier	l :	54.7	54.7	dBW
Operating EIRP per carrier	1	64.5	206.6	dB4v	Space Loss	1 1	204.9	204.9	dB
Space Loss	}			dB	Atm. (Gas + Cloud) Attenuation	1	0.2	0.2	dB
Atm. (Gas + Cloud) Att.	i i	0.4	0.4 3.9	dB	Rain Attenuation		: *:-	5.0	dΒ
Rain Attenuation	1	0.4	0.4	dB	User Ant. Pointing Losses	1	0.4	0.4	d₿
Pointing and Pol. Loss Sat. Antenna Gain	33.5	, 0.4	J 0.4	dBi	Recyr. Antenna Gain	47.3	1 ]		dBi
Set. Amenna Gain System Noise Temp	365.1	i	1	1 %	System Noise Temp	91,4	1	257.1	¹K
System Noise Temp	25.6		Į.	dВK	System Noise Temp	19.6	1	24.1	dBK
Satellite G/T	23.0	7.4	7.4	dB/K	Station G/T	}	27.4	22.9	dB/K
Boltzmann's Constant	1	-228.6	-228.6	dBW/K-Hz	Boitzmann's Constant	Į.	-228.6	-228.6	d8W/K-Hz
Noise BW		83.0	83.0	dBHz	Noise BW	l .	83.0	83.0	dBHz
C/N (Thermal)	Į.	10.1	7.2	d₿	C/N (Thermal)		22.1	12.7	dB
	18 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	77.57 TV			Uplink Conditions	clear	rain	Clear	
					Downlink Conditions	ciear	clear	rain	
Total IVL C/I	16.1	1	T	dB	U/L C/(No) (dB/Hz)	93.1	90.2	93.1	d8/Hz
LU/L C/(lo)	1	99.1	99.1	dB/Hz	U/L C/(io) (dB/Hz)	99.1	99.1	99.1	dB/Hz
Thermal U/L C/(No)	1	93.1	90.2	dB/Hz	U/L C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz	92.1	89.6	92.1	dB/Hz
Total D/L C/I	15.8	1	I	dB	D/L C/(No) (dB/Hz)	105.1	103.6	95.7	dB/Hz
D/L C/(10)	1	8.88	98.8	d8/Hz	D/L C/(io) (dB/Hz)	98.8	98.8	98.8	dB/Hz
Thermal D/L C/(No)	1	1 105.1	95.7	dB/Hz	D/L C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz	97.9	97.5	93.9	dB/Hz
Required Eb/No	6.5	1	1	dB	Total C/(No+lo) (dB/Hz)	91.1	89.0	89.9	dB/Hz dB/Hz
Effective Data Rate	174	1	i i	Mbps	Required C/No (dB/Hz)	88.9	88.9	88.9	
Data Rate (dB)	82.4	i	1	dB (bps)	MANAGER STATE OF THE STATE OF T			1.0	dВ
Required C/(No+lo)	_1	88.9	88.9	dB/Hz	Margin (dB)	2.2	0.1	1.0	1 46

Table A-5. Ku-Band Telemetry Link

Parameter	Spot Antenna	Omni Pipe	Comments
Minimum EIRP, dBW	8.0	0.0	Estimate
Path Loss, dB/m <sup>-2</sup>	-162.5	-162.5	40° elevation
Atmospheric Absorption, dB	-0.2	-0.2	Estimate; clear sky
Isotropic Area, dB-m <sup>2</sup>	-42.0	-42.0	10700 MHz
Ground Station G/T, dB/°K	34.2	34.2	7-m antenna
Tracking Loss	-0.1	-0.1	7-III alitellia
Polarization Mismatch, dB	-0.1	-0.1	
rolanzation wishtatch, ub	-0.1	-0.1	
	1		
Boltzmann's Constant, dBW/°K-Hz	-228.6	-228.6	
Downlink C/No. @ TM Receiver, dB-Hz	65.8	57.8	
Minimum C/No @ TM Receiver, dB-Hz	53.0	53.0	For 4 Kbps stream
Clear Weather C/No Margin, dB	12.8	4.8	1.0 dB rain fade for 99.95%
			availability
S/No Computation for Ranging:			
Demodulation Factor, dB	-5.2	-5.2	when carrier is at minimum
Receiver Baseband S/No, dB-Hz	60.6	52.6	modulation index
Carrier Recovery:			
TM Receiver Loop Bandwidth, dB-Hz	40.0	40.0	10 kHz PM demod PLL BW
Carrier Power Factor, dB	-3.2	-3.2	when carrier is at maximum
Margin, dB	16.7	8.7	modulation index
Subcarrier Recovery:			
TM Receiver IF Bandwidth, dB-Hz	57.0	57.0	500 kHz BW
Subcarrier Power Factor, dB	-5.2	-5.2	when carrier is at minimum
Margin, dB	18.6	10.6	modulation index
BER Computation:			
Demodulation Factor, dB	-5.2	-5.2	
Implementation Loss, dB	-2.5	-2.5	
Margin, dB	11.6	3.6	for 10 <sup>-6</sup> bit error rate

Table A-6. Ku-Band Command Links

SpaceCast Ku-band On-station	Planar Array Co	ommand Link Budget
Contribution	Value	Comment
Max Ground Station EIRP, dBW	83.8	7-m antenna
Tracking Error Ground Station, dB	-0.2	
Path Loss, dB-m <sup>2</sup>	-162.5	40° elevation
Clear Sky Loss, dB	-0.3	
Isotropic Area, dB-m <sup>2</sup>	-43.6	12750 MHz
BTA Ĝain (Sum Path), dB	34.7	USDBS
Polarization Loss, dB	-0.1	
Path Loss to CR, dB	-16.3	Ku-band; includes SSMA
Power at Cmd Rcvr input, dBW	-104.5	
Command Receiver Threshold, dBW	<b>-135</b> .0	
Command Margin, dB	36.4	
Rain Fade, dB	1.3	99.95% availability
Command Margin with Rain Fade, dB	34.1	
SpaceCast Ku-band On-sta	ation Pipe Comm	nand Link Budget
Contribution	Value	Comment
Max Ground Station EIRP, dBW	83.8	7-m antenna
Tracking Error Ground Station, dB	-0.2	
Path Loss, dB-m <sup>2</sup>	-162.5	40° elevation
Clear Sky Loss, dB	-0.3	
Isotropic Area, dB-m <sup>2</sup>	-43.6	12750 MHz
BTA Gain (Sum Path), dB	3.7	On-axis (Ku-band)
Polarization Loss, dB	-3.0	Linear Transmit to Circular
		Receive
Path Loss to CR, dB	-6.3	
Power at Cmd Rcvr input, dBW	-128.4	Ku-band; includes SSMA
Command Receiver Threshold, dBW	-135.0	
Command Margin, dB	6.6	
Rain Fade, dB	1.3	99.95% availability
Command Margin with Rain Fade, dB	5.3	

### APPENDIX B: INTERFERENCE ANALYSIS

This appendix presents C/I interference analyses and their results for scenarios involving SpaceCast<sup>TM</sup> and hypothetical GSO FSS systems.

A C/I analysis was performed to determine whether SpaceCast™ could share spectrum with a hypothetical GSO FSS system operating at V-band, referred to here as System-X. In scenario #1, the interfered-with satellite is System-X, which has the same parameters as a SpaceCast™ satellite. The C/I for scenario #1 is given in Table B-1. Parameters for interference analyses of this type are listed in Table B-3 for the uplink, and in Table B-4 for the downlink. In this type of scenario, a SpaceCast™ satellite and a System-X satellite are spaced 2° apart on the geostationary arc. This is approximately equivalent to a topographic angle of 2.2°. The interference budget for scenario #1 is shown in Table B-7. It shows that, at V-band, SpaceCast™ can operate 2° away from a similar system without harmfully interfering with it.

The interference budget for the reverse scenario, where System-X interferes with a SpaceCast<sup>TM</sup> satellite, is shown in Table B-9. Again, System-X has the parameters of a SpaceCast<sup>TM</sup> satellite. The two satellites are spaced 2° apart on the geostationary arc. The resulting C/I shows that, at V-band, SpaceCast<sup>TM</sup> can operate 2° away from a similar system without being harmfully interfered with.

Also, a C/I analysis was performed to determine whether SpaceCast<sup>™</sup> could share spectrum with Expressway<sup>™</sup>. Expressway<sup>™</sup> is a proposed GSO FSS system, which would operate in the same frequency bands as SpaceCast<sup>™</sup>. The parameters for this system are listed in Table B-3 for the uplink, and in Table B-4 for the

downlink. First, the C/I for a SpaceCast<sup>TM</sup> satellite interfering with an Expressway<sup>TM</sup> satellite is calculated and listed under scenario #2 in Table B-1. The interference budget for this is given in Table B-8. Then, the C/I for the worst case interference, a scenario where an Expressway<sup>TM</sup> satellite interferes with a SpaceCast<sup>TM</sup> satellite, is calculated and given as scenario #4. The interference budget for scenario #4 is shown in Table B-10. In scenarios #2 and #4 in Table B-1, the two satellites are spaced 2° apart on the geostationary arc. Again, this is approximately equivalent to a topographic angle of 2.2°. The C/I results show that, for V-band operations, Expressway<sup>TM</sup> and SpaceCast<sup>TM</sup> are compatible when spaced 2° apart.

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C/I analyses were also performed to determine whether SpaceCast™ could share spectrum with a hypothetical GSO FSS system operating at Ku-band, referred to here as System-Y. System-Y has earth station and space station characteristics derived from typical Ku-band satellite systems. The System-Y transponder bandwidth is assumed to be 30 MHz for satellite television signal transmissions. In interference scenarios, a SpaceCast™ satellite and a System-Y satellite are spaced 2° apart on the geostationary arc. The worst case scenario for SpaceCast™ interfering with System-Y is listed as scenario #5 in Table B-2. The worst case scenario for the reverse scenario, where System-Y interferes with SpaceCast™, is listed as scenario #7 in Table B-2. The parameters for SpaceCast™ and System-Y are given in Tables B-5 and B-6. The C/I results show that SpaceCast™ and a typical Ku-band system can operate spaced 2° apart without causing or receiving harmful interference.

Finally, C/I analyses were performed to determine whether  $SpaceCast^{TM}$  could share spectrum with the Ku-band portion of  $Expressway^{TM}$ . In the